

## Microscopic scenario for $x = 1/8$ anomaly in $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$

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### Abstract

We adopt a  $t_1$ - $t_2$ - $t_3$ - $J$ - $G$  model for explanation of  $x = 1/8$  anomaly in  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$  family compound. The calculated charge susceptibility shows a maximum near  $Q = (\pi, \pi)$  at intermediate temperatures and near  $(\pi, \pi/2)$  as temperature approaches zero, in agreement with neutron scattering experiments. Coulomb repulsion  $G$  between the first neighbors turns out to be the source of Charge Density Waves (CDW) in narrow band  $t_1^{\text{eff}}, t_2^{\text{eff}}, t_3^{\text{eff}} < G$ . For physically realistic hopping values we obtain the CDW amplitude  $eQ = x$ . The in-phase domain structure as a candidate for "stripe" picture is proposed. © 2002 Plenum Publishing Corporation.

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### Keywords

Charge density waves,  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$ ,  $x = 1/8$  anomaly